



## By electronic transmission

January 27, 2017

CRAIG WATERMAN
DEPARTMENT OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION
75 PLEASANT STREET
MALDEN, MA 02148

RE: Public Comment on Proposed Amendments to 603 CMR 35.00

Dear Mr. Waterman:

The Massachusetts Teachers Association and the American Federation of Teachers Massachusetts have reviewed the proposed amendments to 603 CMR 35.00 and wish to make the following public comment and observations.

First, with the demise of No Child Left Behind and the expiration of Race to the Top, the legal, political and funding justifications for the Board's or the Department's regulatory control over district evaluation systems have come to an end. The Massachusetts General Laws themselves do not grant authority to the Board or the Department to enact the proposed regulations. Quite to the contrary, Massachusetts law identifies the school district as the locus of decision-making. More specifically, the Board's own enabling statute provides that it "shall establish guidelines for establishing systems of personnel evaluation..." G.L. c. 69, § 1B, para. 13 (emphasis supplied). While the Board establishes the guidelines, or principles, for local use, the establishment of evaluation systems themselves clearly occurs in the school districts, and it should not be the subject of the extensive state regulations found in 603 CMR 35.00. Under G.L. c. 71, § 38, school superintendents must "cause the performance of all teachers ... to be evaluated" using the Board's guidelines. However, § 38 explicitly reserves the establishment of any "procedures for conducting such evaluations" to G.L. c. 150E and to collective bargaining at the local level. Likewise, G.L. c. 71, § 38 explicitly leaves to local determination the performance standards that are the measures used in the evaluation process. The law could not be more explicit: "Where teachers are represented for collective bargaining purposes, all teacher performance standards shall be

determined" as set forth in § 38, which provides for a unique interest-arbitration process. (Emphasis supplied.)

The proposed regulations ignore these state education laws entirely. The complex teacher evaluation system that DESE has devised through regulatory process and in subregulatory materials far exceeds the statutory authorization found in G.L. c. 69, § 1B and infringes on the statutory mandates and obligations in G.L. c. 71 and c. 150E. It would require a lengthy exposition to identify the manifest and multiple entrenchments that DESE's regulations visit upon a local system of negotiated evaluation procedures and established performance standards, and the MTA and AFT MA decline to do so in these comments. Far from providing state "guidelines" or "principles" that inform school districts and teachers in the establishment of local performance evaluation systems, DESE has usurped the power of school committees and the rights of teachers through detailed and overreaching state control.

This degree of control was countenanced by all parties during the period when substantial amounts of federal funding were tied to the existence of systems of evaluation that included many of the measures found in DESE's existing regulations and that are perpetuated in the proposed revisions. With the end of NCLB and the expiration of the RTTT money, the Commonwealth no longer owes any obligation of compliance with those federal laws and programs. It is time for DESE and the Board to return the entire performance evaluation process back to the school districts, which is exactly what the Legislature intended in no uncertain terms through its enactments.

Second, MTA and AFT MA communicated with the members of the Board on November 23, 2016, regarding our deep concerns with the commissioner's regulatory proposals and the vision of teacher development and evaluation expressed in these proposals. Our prior comments are attached, and they remain germane. In fact, from early September 2016, when we first saw a draft of the proposed revisions, until today, we have clearly and consistently expressed our deeply held concerns to the commissioner and the department, and we proposed alternative approaches that integrated our differing perspectives on a teacher evaluation system. Our alternatives were rejected. The commissioner chose not to incorporate our points of view in any meaningful way, although we quite frankly are the stakeholders most deeply and directly engaged in the pursuit of excellence in our public schools. As the state agency with the public duty to advance educational excellence, DESE should carefully consider the broad arguments and specific points advanced here and in our prior letter. We also ask DESE to reconsider the alternative proposals that we previously advanced.

The pressing need for a revised teacher evaluation system that is workable, productive and acceptable to teachers and administrators alike should not be the occasion for government legerdemain. Nonetheless, the commissioner's proposals are not simply the *same* as the existing unsuccessful program, they are in fact *more* of the same and arguably *worse* than the existing regulations. When a revision simply slaps new names on

old concepts, it is safe to suggest that no meaningful revision was intended. For example, and as previously pointed out, when a reform idea is to change the terminology for a teacher's impact on student test outcomes from "low, moderate or high" to "less than expected" or "at least expected," no genuine change is afoot. When "Student Impact Rating" becomes "Student Learning Indicator," nothing has changed.

A meaningful and implementable teacher evaluation system is one that focuses on improving professional practice because improving professional practice is the best way to improve student learning. The appropriate way to incorporate student learning into an evaluation system is to require review and reflection on student learning at each step of the evaluation cycle so that evidence of learning informs practice. A system that treats student learning as a quantifiable and supposedly objective teacher performance standard makes it less likely that the educators — both the evaluators and the evaluated alike — can engage in an open and authentic discussion of how the evidence of student learning can be used most effectively. When evidence of student learning is assigned such high stakes and when a system introduces evaluation penalties that could prove to be unfair, inaccurate and demoralizing, the system fails.

The best approach to address the problems of the current system is to eliminate the use of student test results to inform any rating of a teacher's performance. The "Student Impact Rating" has been in the works for six years and has proven itself to be a failed concept. Neither state standardized test results nor District-Determined Measures have ever provided a true measure of a teacher's effectiveness in the classroom. The commissioner's proposed "Student Learning Indicator" is the same concept — with the same negative consequences — under a different banner.

For the foregoing reasons, the MTA and AFT MA offer the following responses to the commissioner's proposed revisions of 603 CMR 35.00 and suggest an alternative set of revisions.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Barbara Madeloni MTA President Thomas J. Gosnell AFT MA President

Tom Hosnell

		DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
1.	603 CMR 35.02 (Definitions)  District-Determined	District-determined Measures shall mean measures of student learning, growth, and achievement related to the Massachusetts Curriculum		Agree.
	Measures	Frameworks, Massachusetts Vocational Technical Education Frameworks, or other relevant frameworks, that are comparable across grade or subject level district-wide. These measures may include, but shall not be limited to: portfolios, approved commercial assessments and district developed pre and post unit and course assessments, and capstone projects.		
			Common Assessments shall mean identical or comparable assessments of student learning, growth, and achievement related to the Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks, Massachusetts Vocational Technical Education Frameworks, or other relevant frameworks used by educators in the same role across the district. These assessments may be commercial assessments or district-developed, and may include, but are not limited to: portfolios, pre- and posttests, unit and course assessments, performance assessments, and capstone	The unions do not have a dispute with the newly added definition of "common assessments." However, insofar as the commissioner's proposal uses common assessments to replace DDMs as the measure for informing a rating of teachers, the unions oppose them.

		DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
			projects.	
2.	603 CMR 35.02(Definitions)  Impact on Student Learning, Patterns, Trends	DESE deletes:  Impact on Student Learning shall mean at least the trend in student learning, growth, and achievement and may also include patterns in student learning, growth, and achievement.  Patterns shall mean consistent results from multiple measures.  Trends shall be based on at least two years of data		Agree that all three definitions should be removed from current regulations.
			Expected Impact shall mean the educator meets or exceeds anticipated student learning gains on multiple measures of student learning, growth, and achievement. The evaluator shall use professional judgment to determine whether the educator is having expected impact on student learning, based on student learning gains on common assessments and, where available, statewide student growth measures. The evaluator's professional judgment may include, but is not limited to, consideration of the educator's student population and specific learning context. Anticipated student learning gains must be	Delete revision for the foundational reasons described in the narrative above and in our Nov. 23 letter. Furthermore, contrary to the proposed regulation, judgments concerning an educator's performance should always take into account an "educator's student population and specific learning context" as a matter of fair and educationally sound practice.

	DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
3. 35.03: Standards and Indicators of Effective Teaching Practice Adds Student Learning Indicator (2) (c)		consistent across the district for common assessments and agreed upon by the educator and evaluator for other assessments. The Department shall establish anticipated student learning gains for statewide student growth measures in guidance.  Adds to Standard 2 - Teaching All Students standard: Promotes the learning and growth of all students through instructional practices that establish high expectations, create a safe and effective classroom environment, and demonstrate cultural proficiency.  (c) Student learning indicator: Consistently demonstrates expected impact on student learning based on multiple measures of student learning, growth, and achievement. For teachers who are responsible for direct instruction, these measures must include student progress on common assessments and, where available, statewide student growth measures.	The unions oppose the implementation of a "Student Learning Indicator" as part of the evaluation rubric for the reasons stated in the narrative above and in our Nov. 23 letter.
4. 35.04: Standards and Indicators of Effective Administrative		Adds an indicator to Standard 1 - Promotes the learning and growth of all students and the success of all staff by	See comment 3, above.

		DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
	Leadership Practice Adds Student Learning Indicator (2)(f)		cultivating a shared vision that makes effective teaching and learning the central focus of schooling.	
			(f) Student learning indicator:	
			Consistently demonstrates expected impact on student learning based on	
			multiple measures of student learning,	
			growth, and achievement, including	
			student progress on common	
			assessments and statewide student growth measures where available.	
5.	Use of Student	(e) An educator shall be placed on an	(e) An educator shall be placed on an	The unions oppose the use of
	Learning Indicator –	Educator Plan based on his or her	Educator Plan based on his or her	impact ratings regardless of
	Education Plan	overall rating and his or her impact on	overall rating and his or her impact on	nomenclature. Basing the length
	25.06.(2).(-).	student learning, growth and	student learning, growth and	of an educator's growth plan on whether the teacher had
	35.06 (3) (e): Evaluation Cycle	achievement, provided that educators	achievement, provided that educators who have not yet earned Professional	"expected" impact on student
	Evaluation Cycle	who have not yet earned Professional Teacher Status and any other employee	Teacher Status and any other employee	learning or "less than expected"
		at will shall be placed on an Educator	at will shall be placed on an Educator	impact on student learning is no
		Plan solely at the discretion of the	Plan solely at the discretion of the	different from basing the length
		district.	district.	of the plan on whether the
		1. The Developing Educator Plan	1. The Developing Educator Plan	educator's impact was "high,
		is for all administrators in their	is for all administrators in their	moderate or low."
		first three years with the district,	first three years with the district,	
		teachers without Professional	teachers without Professional	For the exemplary or proficient
		Teacher Status, and, at the	Teacher Status, and, at the	educator whose impact on
		discretion of the evaluator,	discretion of the evaluator,	student learning is "less than
		educators in new assignments.	educators in new assignments.	expected," the revised language

	DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
	<ol> <li>The Self-directed Growth Plan is for all experienced educators rated Exemplary or Proficient. For educators whose impact on student learning is either moderate or high, the Educator Plan may be for up to two years. For educators whose impact on student learning is low, the Educator Plan shall be for one year and shall include one or more goals related to student learning developed on the basis of an analysis of the educator's professional practice.</li> <li>Directed Growth Plan for all experienced educators rated Needs Improvement.</li> <li>Improvement Plan for all experienced educators rated Unsatisfactory.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>The Self-directed Growth Plan is for all experienced educators rated Exemplary or Proficient. For educators whose impact on student learning is at least expected, the Educator Plan may be for up to two years. For all experienced educators rated Exemplary or Proficient whose impact on student learning is less than expected, the evaluator shall review and discuss the educator's impact on student learning with the educator, and the Educator Plan shall be for one year and shall include one or more goals related to student learning developed on the basis of an analysis of the educator's professional practice.</li> <li>Directed Growth Plan for all experienced educators rated Needs Improvement.</li> <li>Improvement Plan for all experienced educators rated Unsatisfactory.</li> </ol>	requires the evaluator to "review and discuss the educator's impact on student learning," but, regardless of that discussion, the educator "shall" be placed on a one-year plan. In other words, the penalizing feature of the evaluation system remains unchanged despite the new nomenclature and discussion requirement.  The unions propose the deletion of "and his or her impact on student learning, growth and achievement" in 35.06(3)(e) and all but the first sentence in 35.06(3)(e)(2).
Evaluation Cycle	(b) For an experienced educator rated proficient or higher and whose impact on student learning is moderate or high,	(b) For an experienced educator rated proficient or higher and whose impact on student learning is at least expected,	Again, DESE's revision is a name change but not a policy change. By replacing "moderate

	DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
	a formative evaluation takes place at the end of the first year of the two-year cycle. The educator's rating for that year shall be assumed to be the same as the previous summative rating unless evidence demonstrates a significant change in performance in which case the rating on Performance Standards may change.	a formative evaluation takes place at the end of the first year of the two-year cycle. The educator's rating for that year shall be assumed to be the same as the previous summative rating unless evidence demonstrates a significant change in performance in which case the rating on Performance Standards may change.	or high" with "at least expected," DESE's proposed revision leaves intact the penalizing effects of a low student impact rating. See comment 5, above.
7. 35.06 (7) (a) 1 and 2: Evaluation Cycle	1. For the educator whose impact on student learning is either moderate or high, the evaluator shall place the educator on a Self-directed Growth Plan.  a. The educator shall receive a summative evaluation at least every two years.  b. The educator may receive a formative evaluation at the end of the first year of the Educator Plan.  c. The educator may be eligible for additional roles, responsibilities and compensation, as determined by the district and through	1. For the educator whose impact on student learning is at least expected, the evaluator shall place the educator on a Self-directed Growth Plan.  a. The educator shall receive a summative evaluation at least every two years.  b. The educator may receive a formative evaluation at the end of the first year of the Educator Plan.  c. The educator may be eligible for additional roles, responsibilities and compensation, as determined by the district and through	See comments 5 and 6, above.

DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
collective bargaining, where applicable.  2. For the educator whose impact on student learning is low, the evaluator shall place the educator on a Self-directed Growth Plan.  a. The educator and evaluator shall analyze the discrepancy in practice and student performance measures and seek to determine the cause(s) of such discrepancy.  b. The plan shall be for one school year in duration.  c. The plan may include a goal related to examining elements of	collective bargaining, where applicable.  2. For the educator whose impact on student learning is less than expected, the evaluator shall place the educator on a Self-directed Growth Plan.  a. The educator and evaluator shall analyze the discrepancy in practice and student performance measures and seek to determine the cause(s) of such discrepancy.  b. The plan shall be for one school year in duration.  c. The plan may include a goal related to examining elements of	MTA and AFT MA Comments
practice that may be contributing to <del>low</del> impact.	practice that may be contributing to <u>less than</u> <u>expected</u> impact.	
d. The educator shall receive a summative evaluation at the end of the period determined in the plan, but at least annually.	d. The educator shall receive a summative evaluation at the end of the period determined in the plan, but at least annually.	

	DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
(Categories 1 – 5)	<ol> <li>(1) The following categories of evidence shall be used in evaluating each educator:         <ul> <li>(a) Multiple measures of student learning, growth, and achievement, which shall include:</li></ul></li></ol>		See below.

DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
role is not as a classroom teacher, the appropriate measures of the educator's contribution to student learning, growth, and achievement set by the district.		
	<ol> <li>(1) The following categories of evidence shall be used in evaluating each educator:         <ul> <li>(a) Multiple measures of student learning, growth, and achievement, which shall include:</li></ul></li></ol>	The unions agree that student learning can be a category of evidence.  However, the specific sources of student learning evidence used by districts should be determined at the local level, not mandated by DESE. Therefore, the language should read: "(a) Multiple measures of student learning, growth, and achievement, which MAY include"  Additionally, the unions strongly object to the use of MCAS Student Growth Percentile in evaluation systems. The Student Growth Percentile is not a valid and reliable measure of teacher effectiveness, as extensive
	proficiency assessment; and	research has shown. Therefore,

	DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
9 35 07 (c)	(2) Student feedback (with respect to	<ul> <li>4. Common assessments of student learning, growth, and achievement.</li> <li>5. For educators whose primary role is not as a classroom teacher, the appropriate measures of the educator's contribution to student learning, growth, and achievement set by the district.</li> </ul>	#3 should be deleted from the list.  We accept that common assessments may be a source of evidence in the evaluation process. But it is unclear how common assessments (#4) are different from "measures of student progress on classroom assessments" (#1). How are districts supposed to distinguish between the two?  Furthermore, we are opposed to using common assessment outcomes as the basis for determining "expected impact" and/or for informing a rating. As discussed in our narrative, student learning evidence should be used for review, reflection and possible changes to practice.
9. 35.07 (c)	(2) Student feedback (with respect to teachers and support personnel) collected by the district, starting in the 2013-2014 school year. On or before July 1, 2013, the Department shall identify one or more instruments for		The unions agree with the deletion of implementation deadlines that have already expired.

DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
eollecting student feedback and shall publish protocols for administering the instrument(s), protecting student confidentiality, and analyzing student feedback. In the 2011-2012 and 2012-2013 school years, districts are encouraged to pilot new systems, and to continue using and refining existing systems, for collecting and analyzing student feedback as part of educator evaluation.  (3) Staff feedback (with respect to administrators) collected by the district		
Starting in the 2013-2014 school year. On or before July 1, 2013, the Department shall identify one or more instruments for collecting staff feedback and shall publish protocols for administering the instrument(s), protecting staff confidentiality, and analyzing staff feedback. In the 2011- 2012 and 2012-2013 school years, districts are encouraged to pilot new systems, and to continue using and refining existing systems, for collecting and analyzing staff feedback as part of administrator evaluation.		

	DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
10. 35.08: Performance Level Ratings (7)	(4) The Department shall research the feasibility and possible methods for districts to collect and analyze parent feedback as part of educator evaluation and shall issue a report and recommendation on or before July 1, 2013.  (5) Any other relevant evidence from any source that the evaluator shares with the educator.  (7) Educators whose summative performance rating is exemplary and whose impact on student learning is rated moderate or high shall be recognized and rewarded with leadership roles, promotion, additional compensation, public commendation or other acknowledgement.	(7) Educators whose summative performance rating is exemplary and whose impact on student learning is either expected or more than expected may be recognized and rewarded with leadership roles, promotion, additional compensation, public commendation or other acknowledgement.	The absence of any genuine move away from what proved to be an unworkable, harmful and unpopular teacher rating system is evident again in this section. Recognition and rewards for an exemplary educator still turn on the outcome of a system measuring and rating the educator's impact on student learning.  The unions propose removing the words "and whose impact on student learning is rated moderate or high" from the
			existing regulation.

	DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
11. 35.08: Performance Level Ratings (8) relocates and revises language that is currently in 35.09 (4)	(4) For an educator whose overall performance rating is exemplary or proficient and whose impact on student learning is low, the evaluator's supervisor shall discuss and review the rating with the evaluator and the supervisor shall confirm or revise the educator's rating. In cases where the superintendent serves as the evaluator, the superintendent's decision on the rating shall not be subject to such review. When there are significant discrepancies between evidence of student learning, growth, and achievement and the evaluator's judgment on educator performance ratings, the evaluator's supervisor may note these discrepancies as a factor in	(8) Where there is a discrepancy between the rating an evaluator has provided for an educator on the Teaching all Students Standard and evidence of the educator's impact on student learning, growth and achievement, the evaluator's supervisor shall discuss the discrepancy with the evaluator. The evaluator's supervisor may note the discrepancy as a factor in the evaluator's evaluation.	We accept the change from "shall" to "may" here, as any recognition or rewards should be a district decision, subject to collective bargaining as applicable.  Since we oppose the inclusion of an impact determination/rating in the evaluation system, we oppose this addition for the reasons cited in our narrative and Nov. 23 letter.  We do not oppose using student learning evidence as a cross-check against evidence of teacher practice to spur dialogue, reflection and possible changes to practice. That concept was central to the alternative proposals we shared with DESE, which were rejected by the commissioner.
12. 35.09: Student	the evaluator's evaluation.  35.09: Student Performance Measures	Delete 35.09	Agree
Performance	(1) Student Performance Measures as	Defette 33.07	Agice
Measures	described in 603 CMR 35.07(1)(a)(3-5) shall be the basis for determining an		

DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
educator's impact on student learning,		
growth, and achievement.		
(2) The evaluator shall determine		
whether an educator is having a high,		
moderate, or low impact on student		
learning based on trends and patterns in		
the following student performance		
measures:		
(a) At least two state or district-wide		
measures of student learning gains shall		
be employed at each school, grade, and		
subject in determining impact on		
student learning, as follows:		
1. MCAS Student Growth		
Percentile and the		
Massachusetts English		
Proficiency Assessment		
(MEPA) shall be used as		
measures where available, and		
2. Additional District-determined		
Measures comparable across		
schools, grades, and subject		
matter district wide as		
determined by the		
superintendent may be used in		
conjunction with MCAS		
Student Growth Percentiles and		
MEPA scores to meet this		
requirement, and shall be used		

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when either MCAS growth or		
MEPA scores are not available.		
(b) For educators whose primary role is		
not as a classroom teacher, appropriate		
measures of their contribution to		
student learning, growth, and		
achievement shall be determined by the		
district.		
(3) Based on a review of trends and		
patterns of state and district measures		
of student learning gains, the evaluator		
will assign the rating on growth in		
student performance consistent with		
Department guidelines:		
(a) A rating of high indicates		
significantly higher than one year's		
growth relative to academic peers in the		
grade or subject.		
(b) A rating of moderate indicates one		
year's growth relative to academic		
peers in the grade or subject.		
(c) A rating of low indicates		
significantly lower than one year's		
student learning growth relative to		
academic peers in the grade or subject.		
(4) For an educator whose overall		
performance rating is exemplary or		
proficient and whose impact on student		
learning is low, the evaluator's		

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	supervisor shall discuss and review the rating with the evaluator and the supervisor shall confirm or revise the educator's rating. In cases where the superintendent serves as the evaluator, the superintendent's decision on the rating shall not be subject to such review. When there are significant discrepancies between evidence of student learning, growth, and achievement and the evaluator's judgment on educator performance ratings, the evaluator's supervisor may note these discrepancies as a factor in the evaluator's evaluation.		
10. 35.11(1)  35.11(2)  (renumbered as § 35.10(1))	<ul><li>(1) 603 CMR shall take effect according to the following schedule:</li><li>(2) All evaluation systems and changes to evaluation systems shall be subject to the Department's review to ensure the systems are consistent with the Boards' Principles of Evaluation. A</li></ul>	Deleted.  All evaluation systems and changes to evaluation systems shall be subject to the Department's review to ensure the systems are consistent with the Boards' Principles of Evaluation. A District	Agree.  For the reasons stated in the narrative portion of this submission, the unions do not concede that under the authority set forth in G.L. c. 69, § 1B to
	District may continue to use its existing evaluation systems until the District has fully implemented its new system.	may continue to use <u>an</u> evaluation system <u>that it had submitted for review under 603 CMR 35.00</u> .	establish "guidelines" for district in establishing evaluation systems, the Department has the power to create a system of performance standards and evaluation procedures as is set

	DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
			forth in these regulations and sub-regulatory documents.
35.11 (3)	(3) The model system developed by the Department need not be submitted for review under 603 CMR 35.00 if the district implements it as written.	Deleted.	Agree.
35.11 (4)	(4) By September 2013, each district shall identify and report to the Department a district-wide set of student performance measures for each grade and subject that permit a comparison of student learning gains.  (a) The student performance measures shall be consistent with 603 CMR 35.09(2).  (b) By July 2012, the Department shall supplement these regulations with additional guidance on the development and use of student performance measures.  (c) Until such measures are identified and data is available for at least two years, educators will not be assessed as having high, moderate, or low impact on student learning outcomes consistent with	Deleted.	Agree.

		DESE Proposal – Current Language	DESE Proposal – Revised Language	MTA and AFT MA Comments
		603 CMR 35.09(3).		
11.	35:11 (5)	(5) Districts shall provide the	(5) Districts shall provide the	Agree.
		Department with individual educator	Department with individual educator	
	(renumbered as §	evaluation data for each educator in the	evaluation data for each educator in the	
	35.10(2))	district in a form and manner	district in a form and manner	
		prescribed by the Commissioner,	prescribed by the Commissioner,	
		including, but not limited to:	including, but not limited to:	
		(a) the educator's performance rating on	(a) the educator's performance rating on	
		each standard and overall;	each standard and overall; and	
		(b) the educator has Professional	(b) the educator has Professional	
		Teacher Status;	Teacher Status.	
		(c) the educator's impact on student		
		learning, growth, and achievement		
		(high, moderate, low).		